

THOR – ESA M4 candidate mission

To explore turbulent energy dissipation and particle
energization in space plasma

A. Vaivads

*Swedish Institute of Space Physics
Uppsala, Sweden*

THOR team
<http://thor.irfu.se/thor-team>

Vlasovia 2016
THORsday



2026
2027
2028





Science

Exploring plasma energization in space turbulence

- ✓ How is plasma heated and particles accelerated?
Coherent structures & wave identification
Their effects on plasma
- ✓ How is the dissipated energy partitioned?
Electrons vs protons vs heavier ions
Heating vs. particle acceleration
- ✓ How does dissipation operate in different regimes of turbulence?
Pristine solar wind
Flow interaction regions
Shocks and sheath regions behind shocks

THOR - first dedicated mission!



THOR team

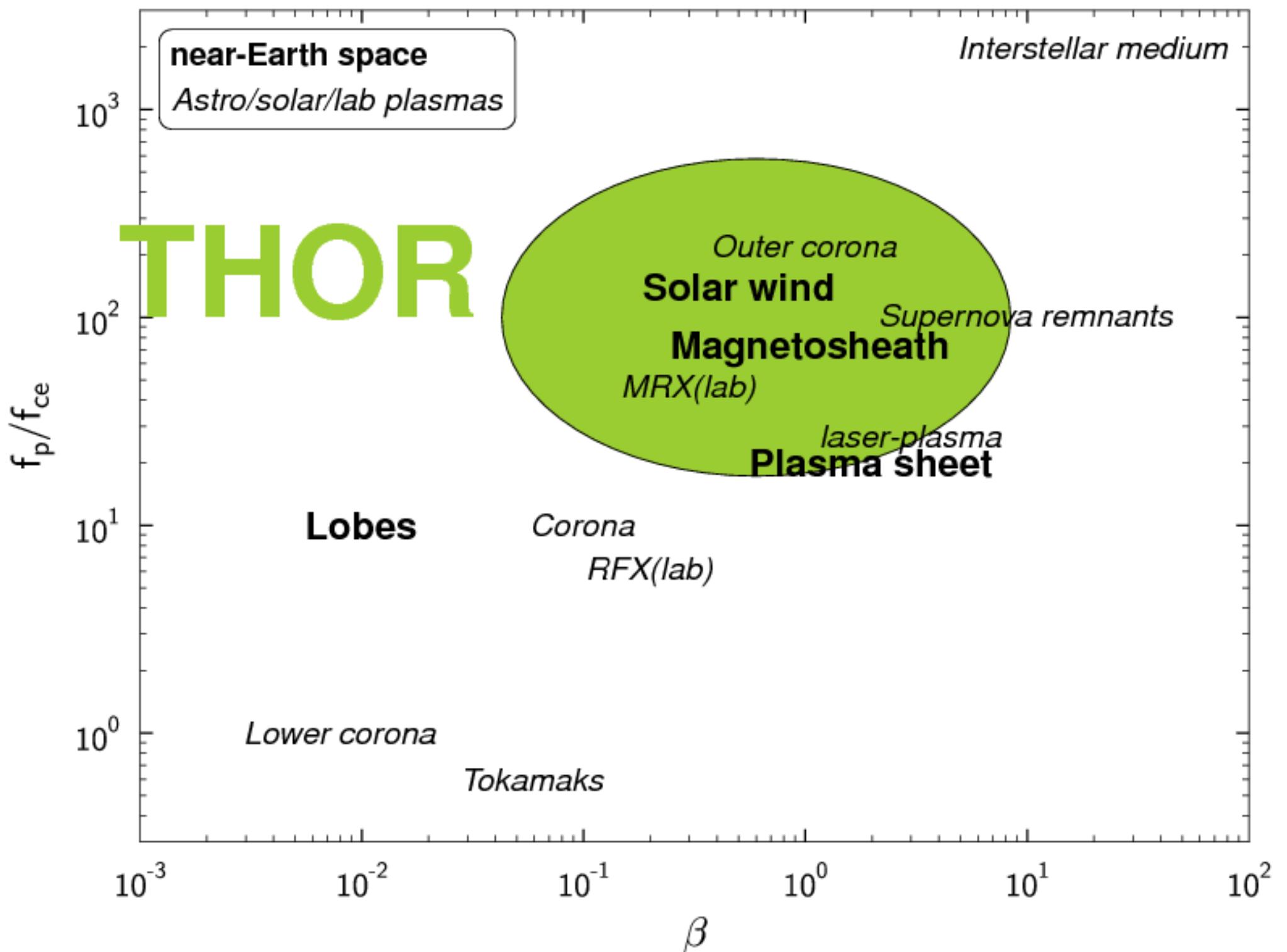
- ✓ Science team 230+ scientists supporting
New members welcome!
- ✓ 10 instrument teams (50+ engineers)
- ✓ Industry: two competing studies
- ✓ THOR Science Study Team
11 scientists + ~10 ESA

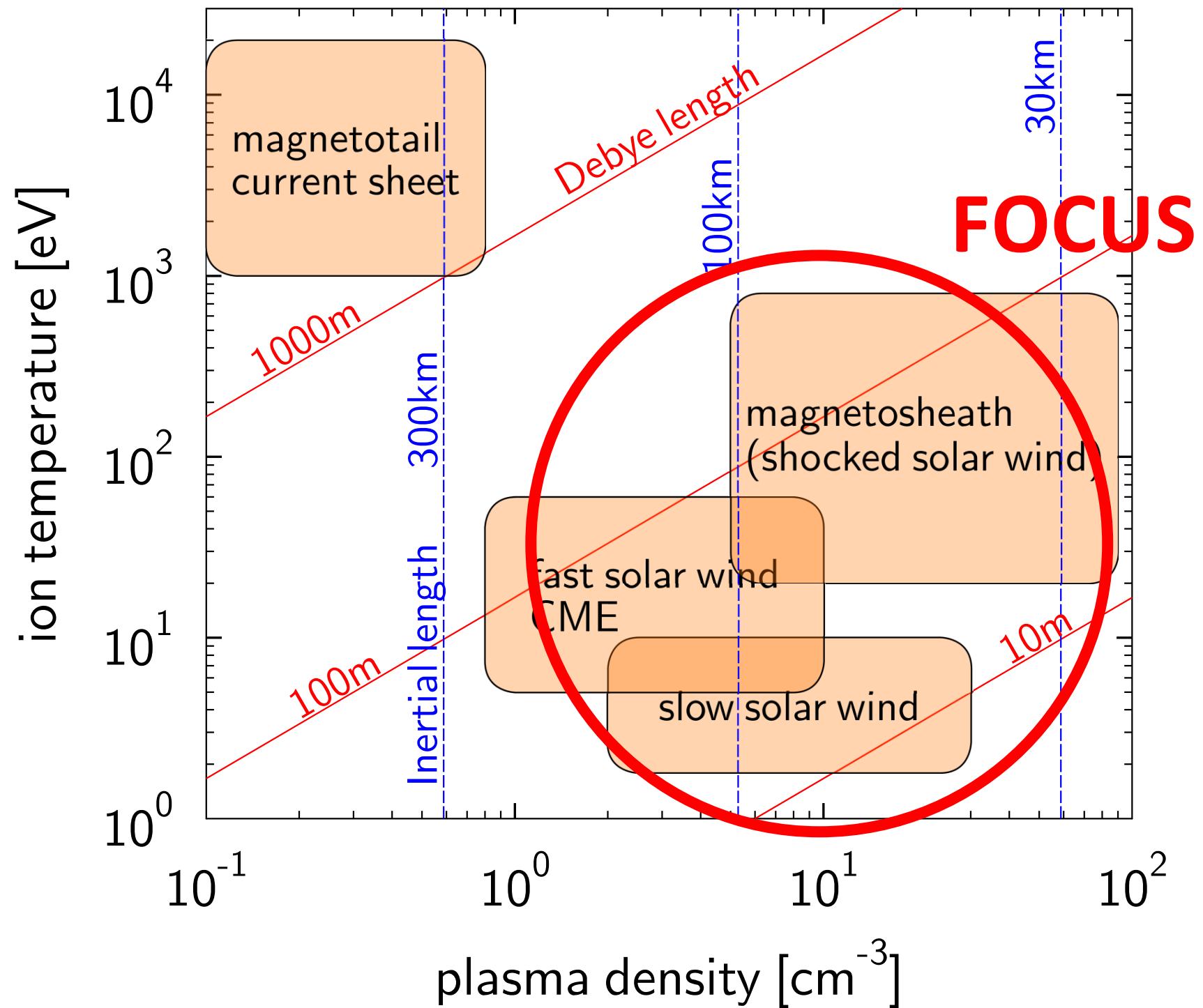


THOR timeline

- ✓ 2010 EIDOSCOPE ESA MoO ($\sim 100 \text{M}\text{\euro}$)
- ✓ 2012 Tor SNSB (4M€)
- ✓ 2012 Tor ESA S1 (40M€)
- ✓ 2015 THOR ESA M4 (450M€)
- ✓ 2015-06-04 THOR selected for study phase
- ✓ 2016-2017 1 year study phase
- ✓ 2016-07-27..29 THOR #2 workshop @Barcelona
- ✓ 2017 Jun ESA final M4 down-selection
- ✓ 2026 *Launch*

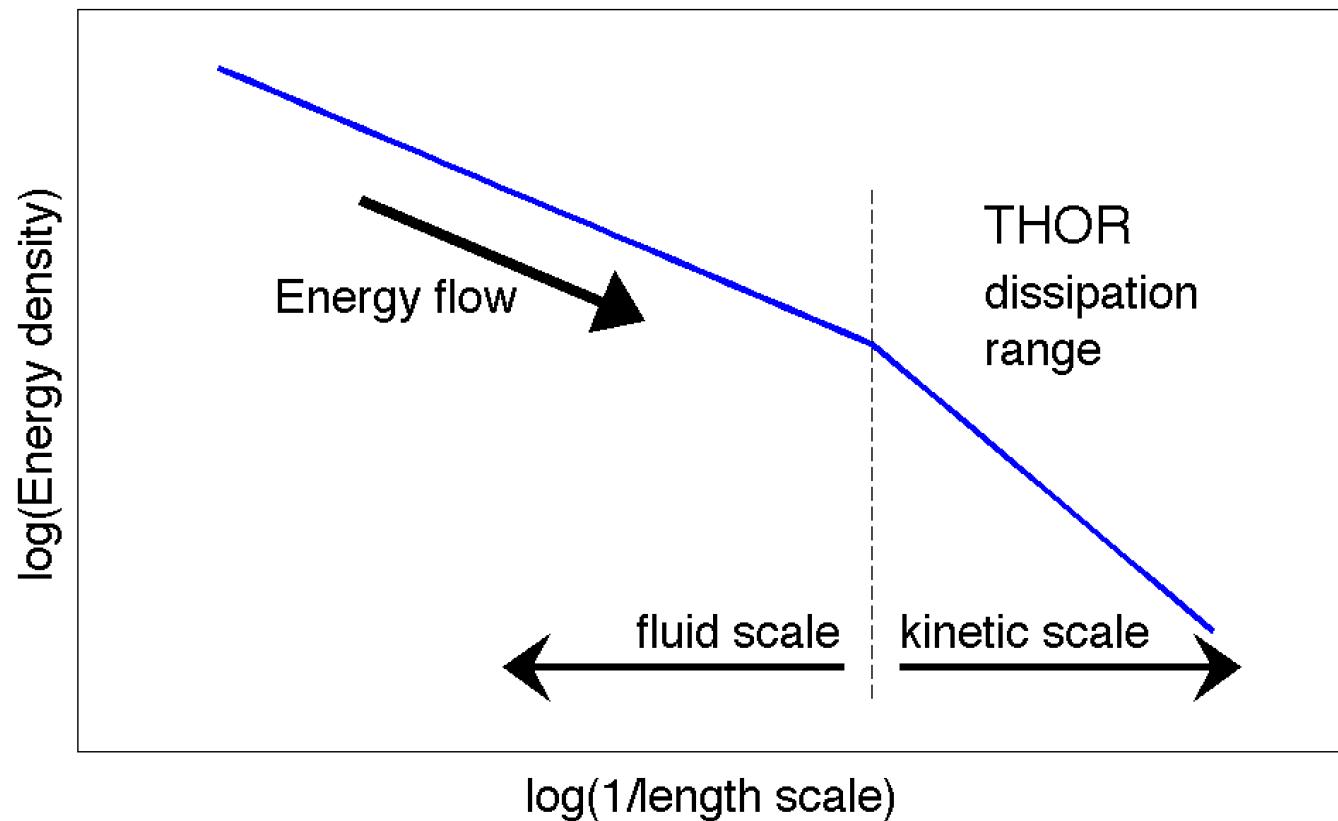
THOR is currently in study phase!
All inputs (science, mission, payload, support)
are important and welcome!





Kinetic scales

Required
measurements!



Fields:

E, B

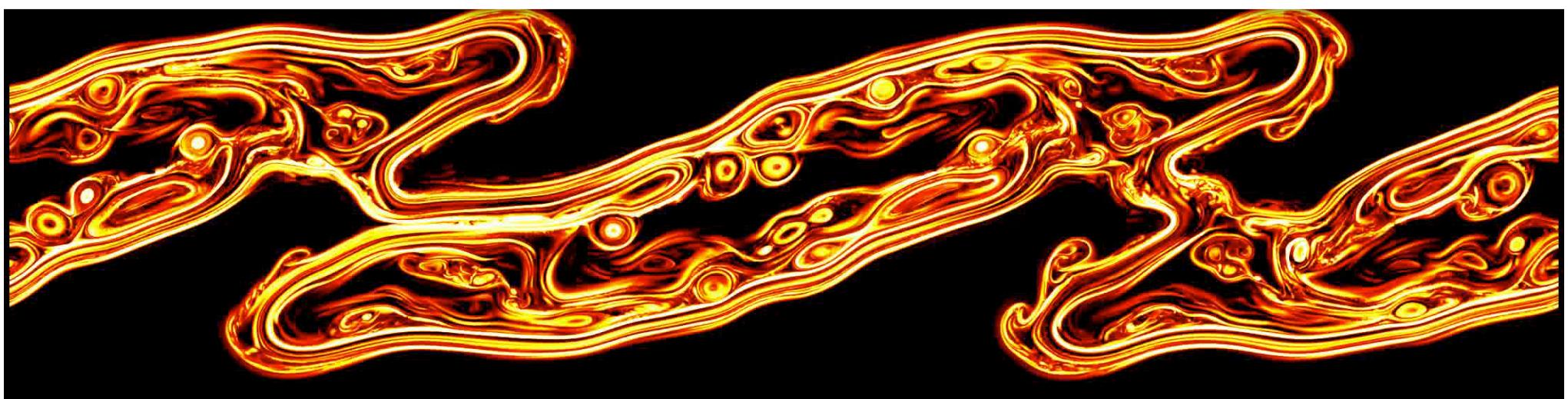
Fluid:

$n_i, \mathbf{v}_i, T_i, \dots$

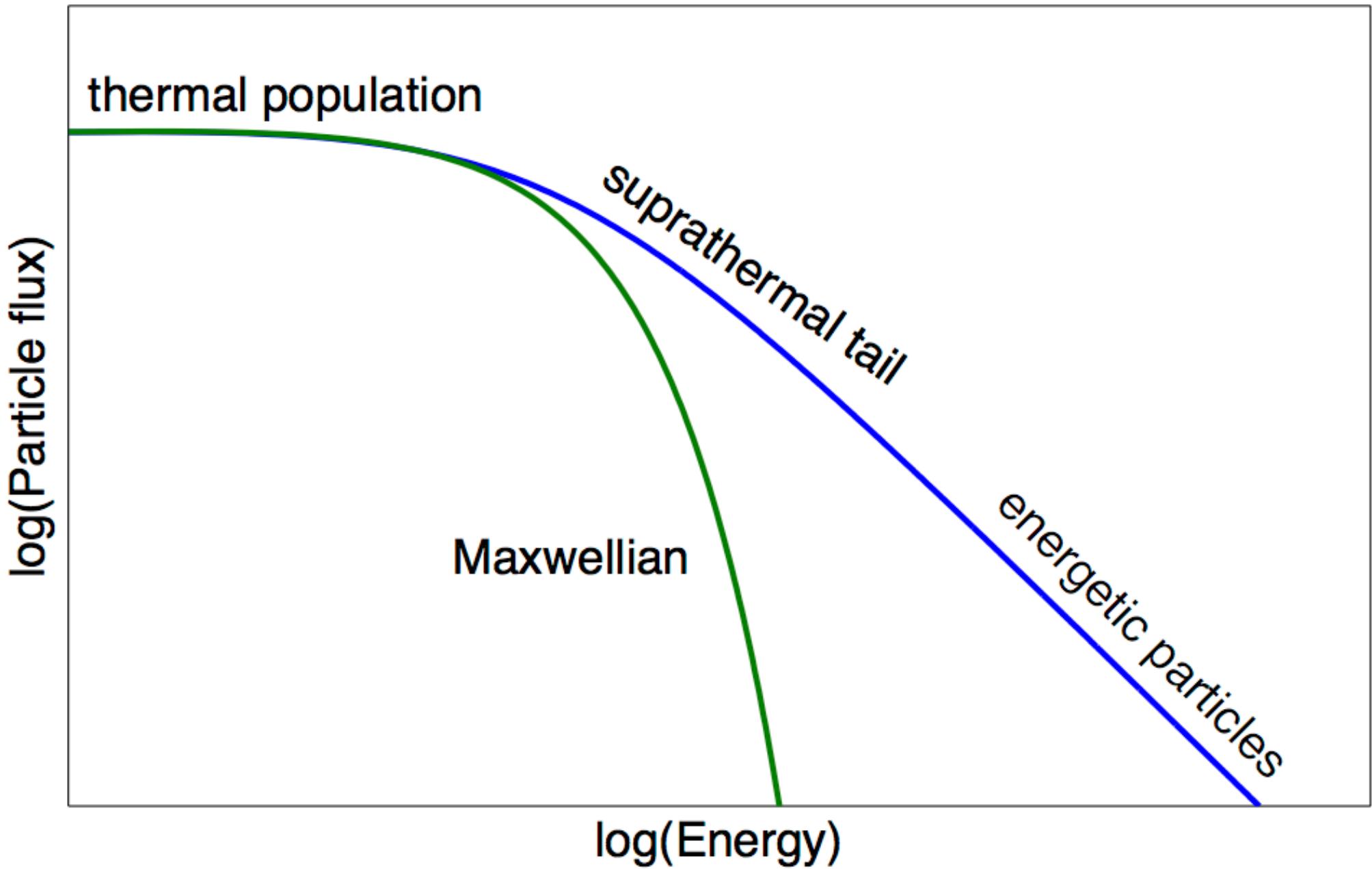
Kinetic:

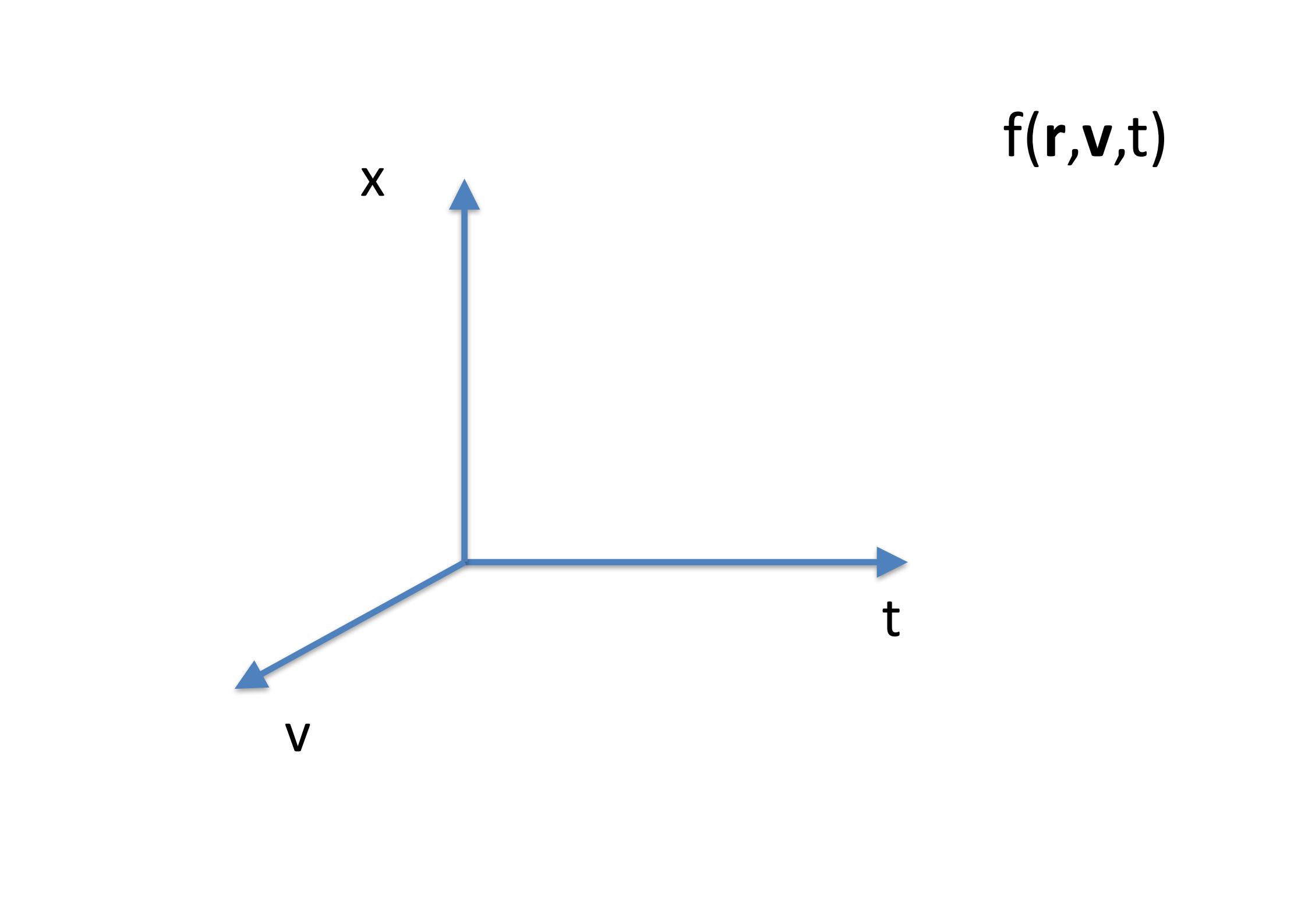
$f_i(\mathbf{v})$

tails, beams,..



Particle energization



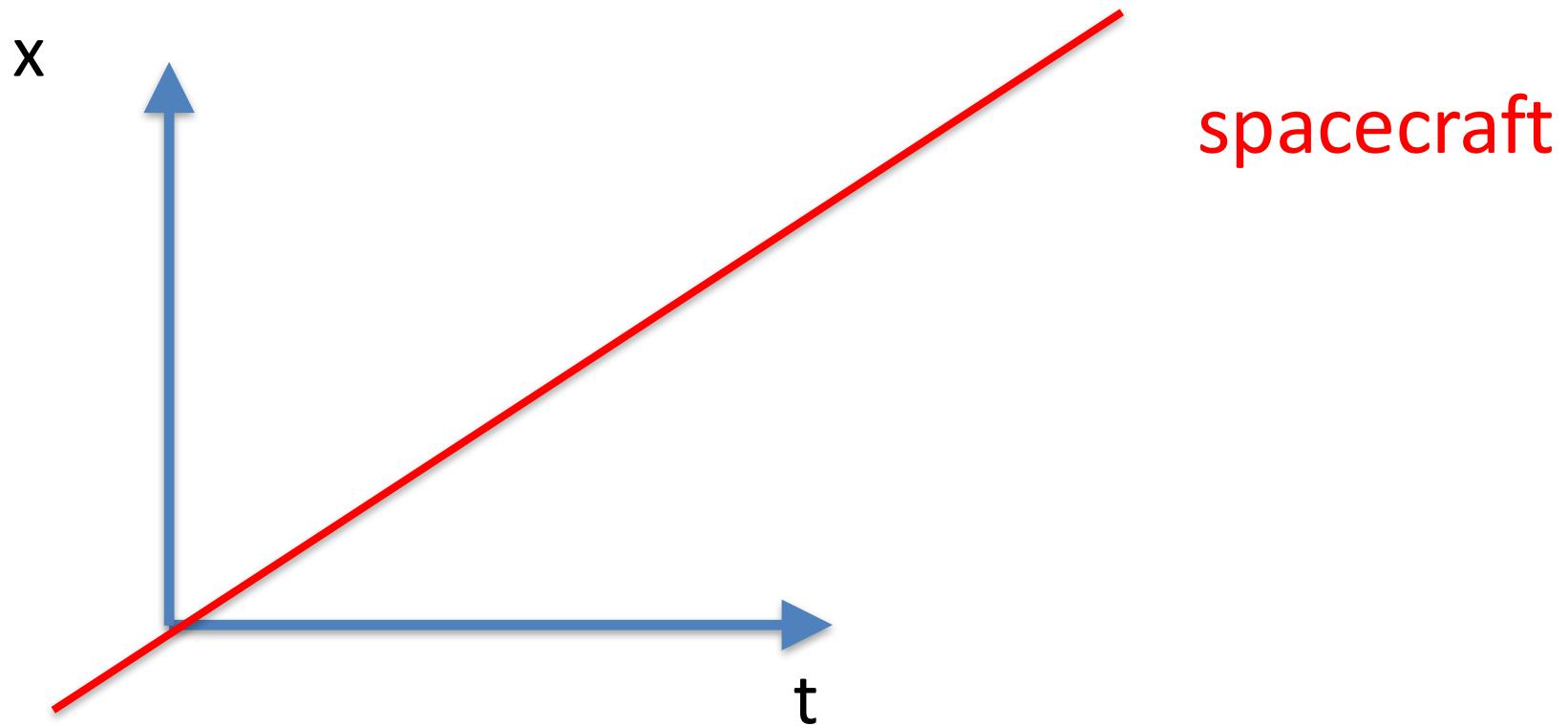
 $f(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{v}, t)$

x

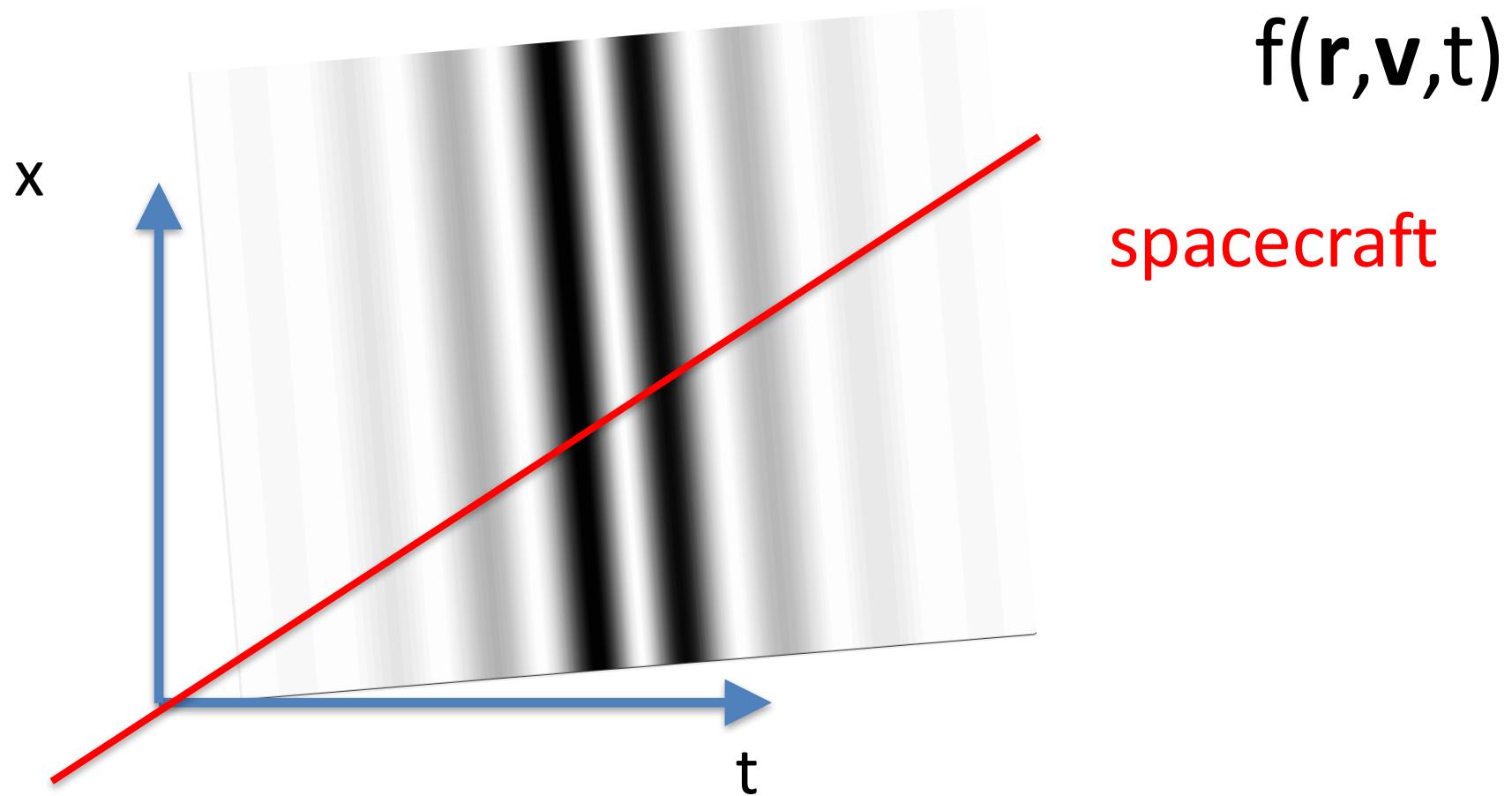
t

v

$$f(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{v}, t)$$

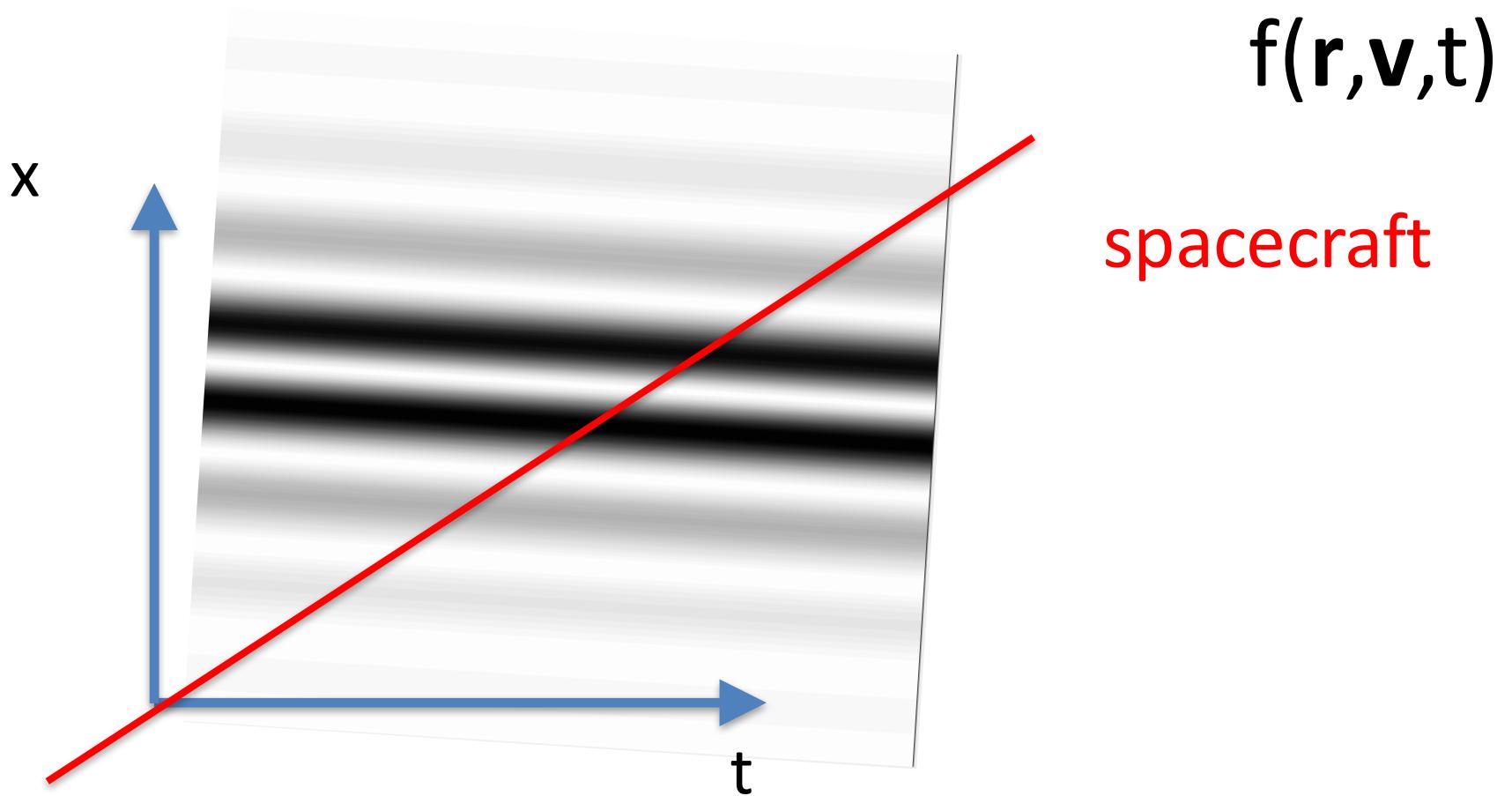


Plasma velocity \gg s/c velocity



Plasma velocity \gg s/c velocity

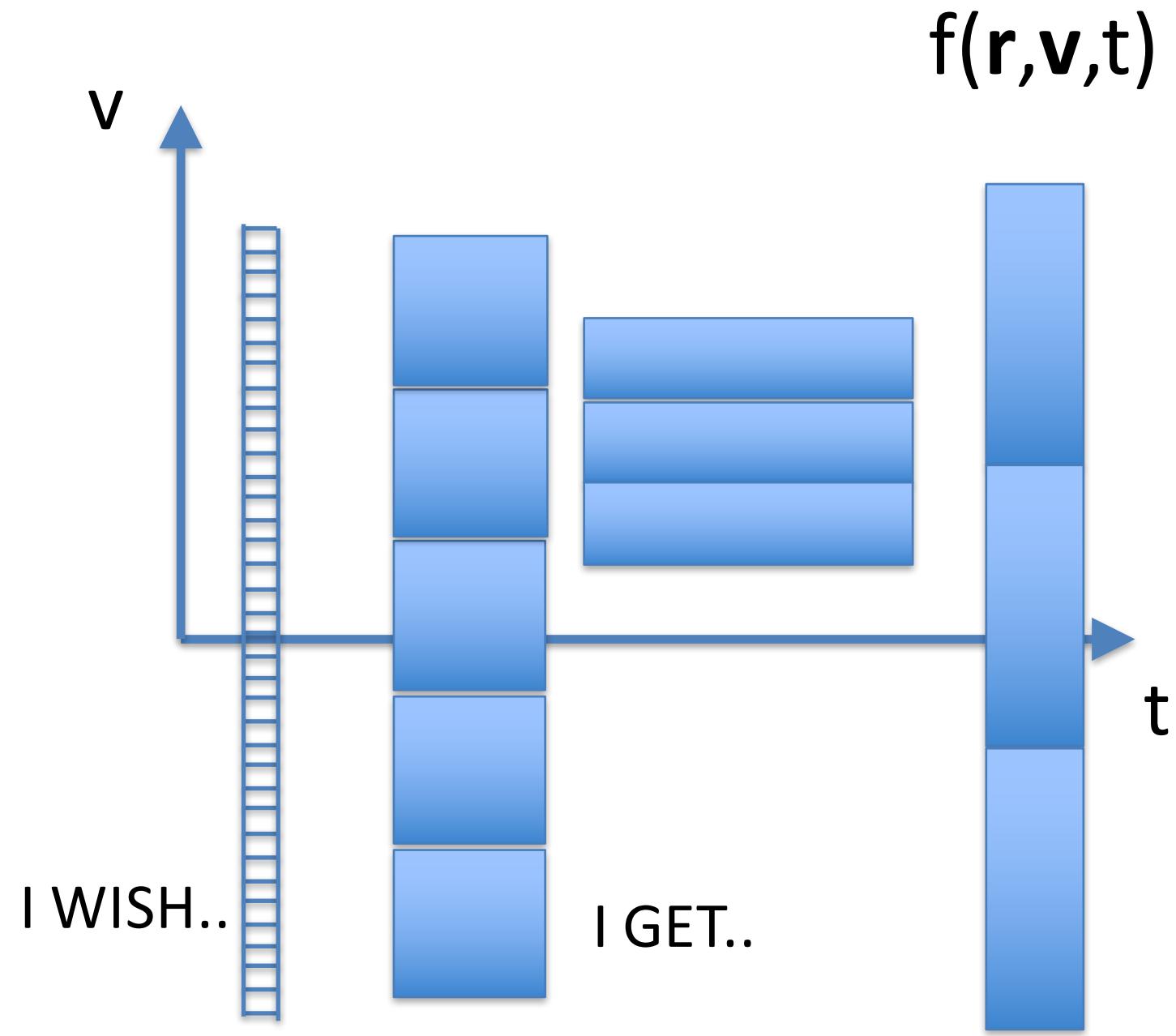
REQUIRED: sufficient temporal resolution (ion/e- gyrofr.)

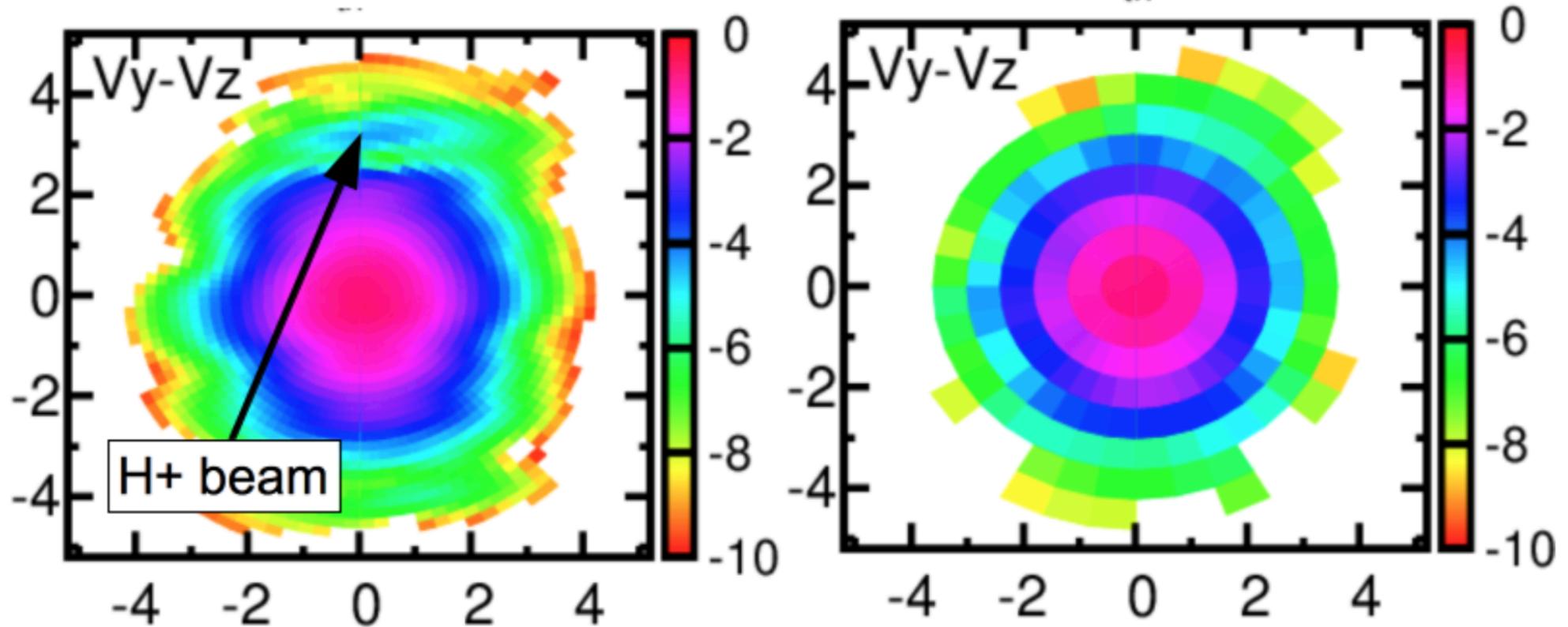


Plasma velocity \gg s/c velocity

REQUIRED: sufficient temporal resolution (ion/e- gyrofr.)

REQUIRED: spatial resolution (ion/e- kinetic scales)
temporal resolution of Doppler shifted spatial scale

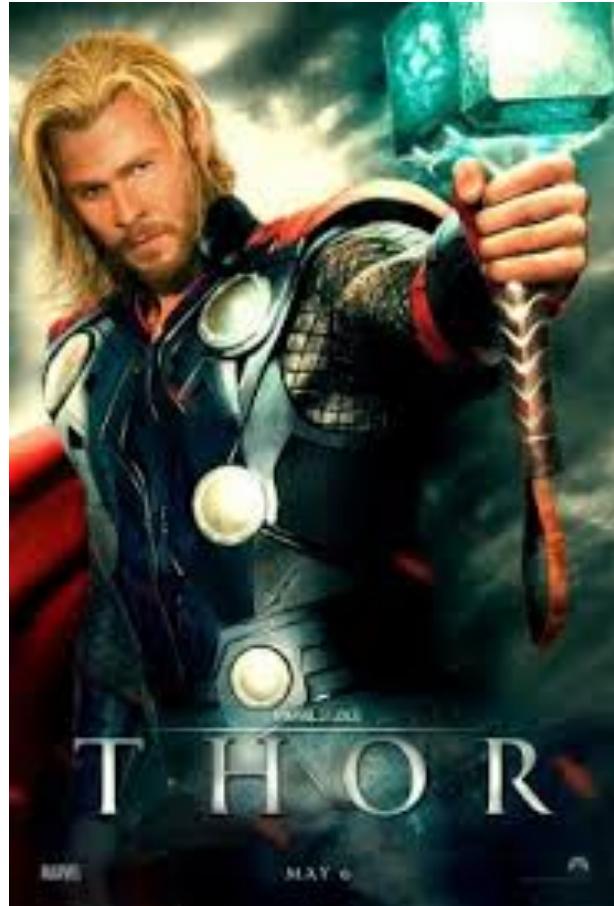


$f(r, v, t)$ 

REQUIRED: sufficiently high resolution in velocity space



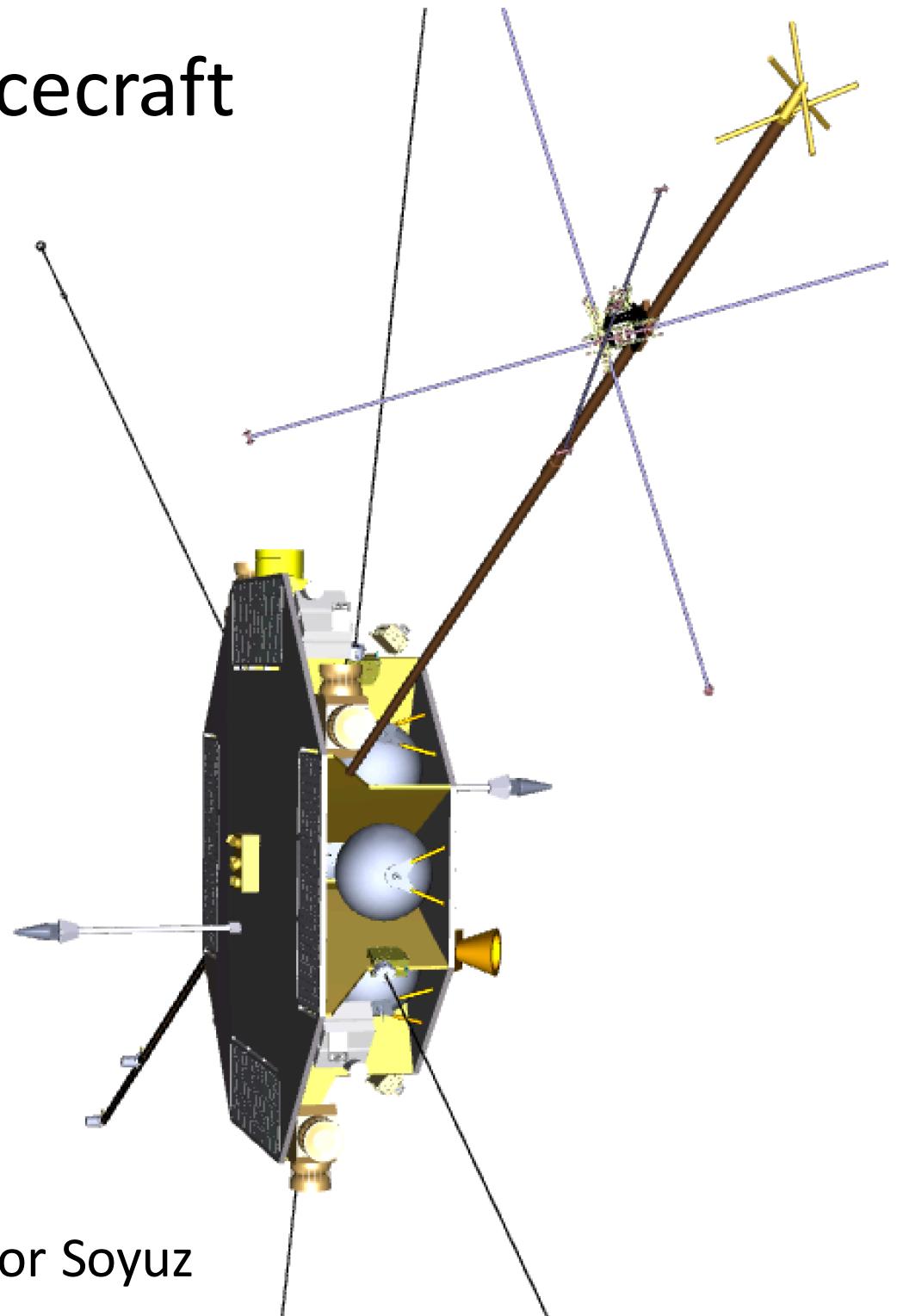
Thorbulence Heating ObserveR



Norse mythology: Thor is a hammer-wielding god associated with thunder and lightning, storms and strength, as well as the protection of mankind. Thor brings **order out of chaos**.

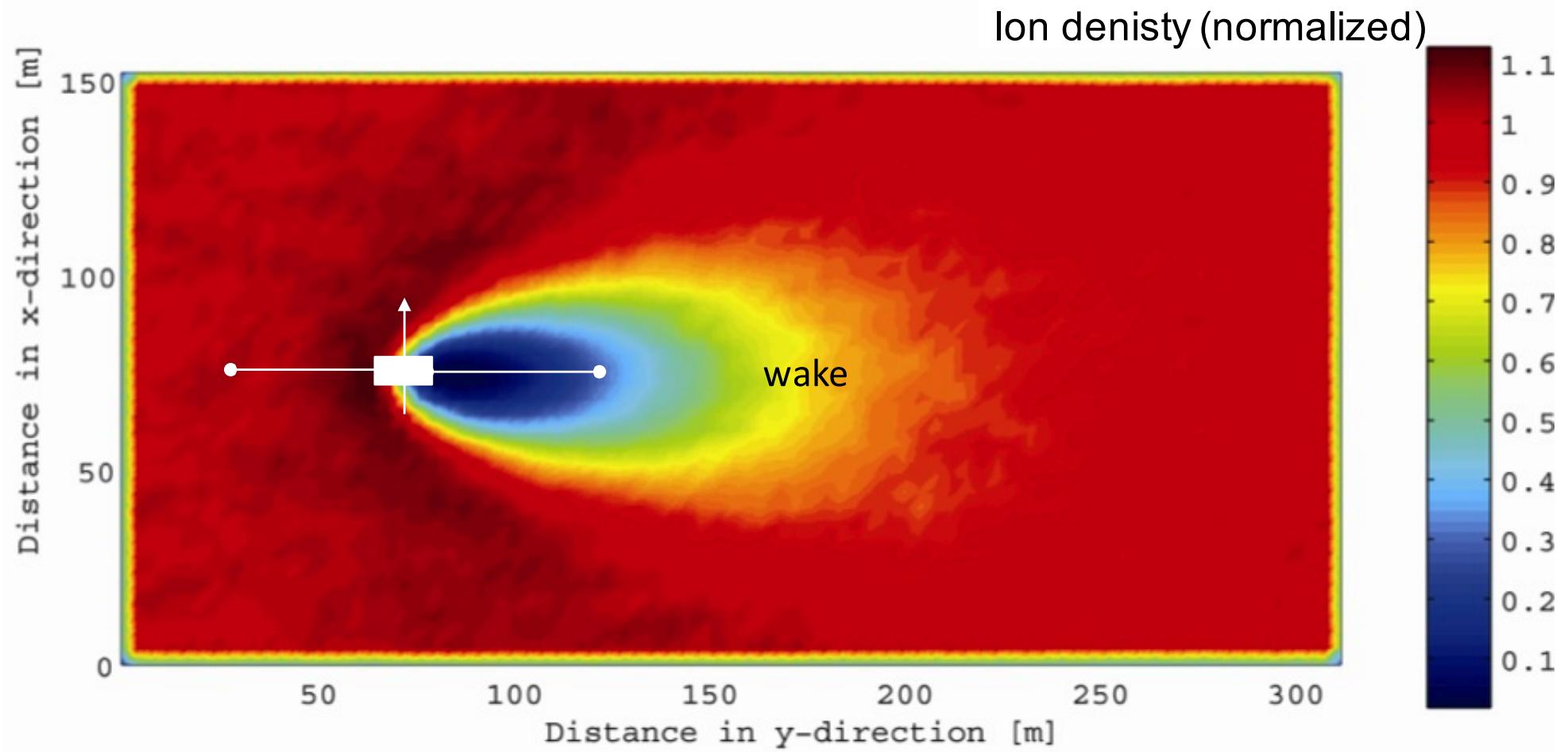
Spacecraft

- ✓ Payload 160+kg
- ✓ Wet mass 900+kg
- ✓ Sun-pointer
- ✓ Slow spinner (2 rpm)
- ✓ Long (>6m) booms for magnetometers
- ✓ Active potential control
- ✓ 10+ Tbit data storage
- ✓ ~10GB/day downlinked



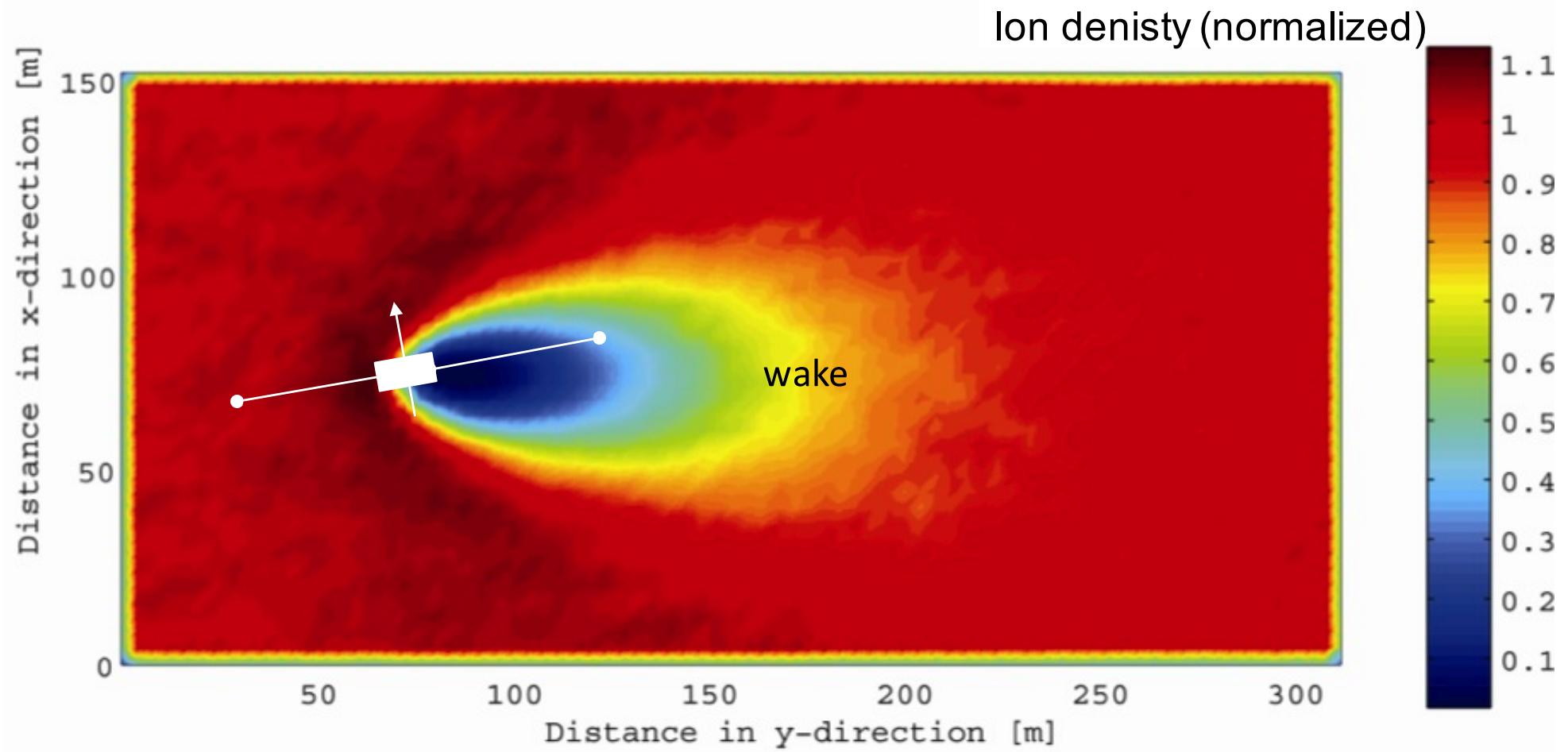
Launcher: Ariane-6 or Soyuz

Electric field measurement



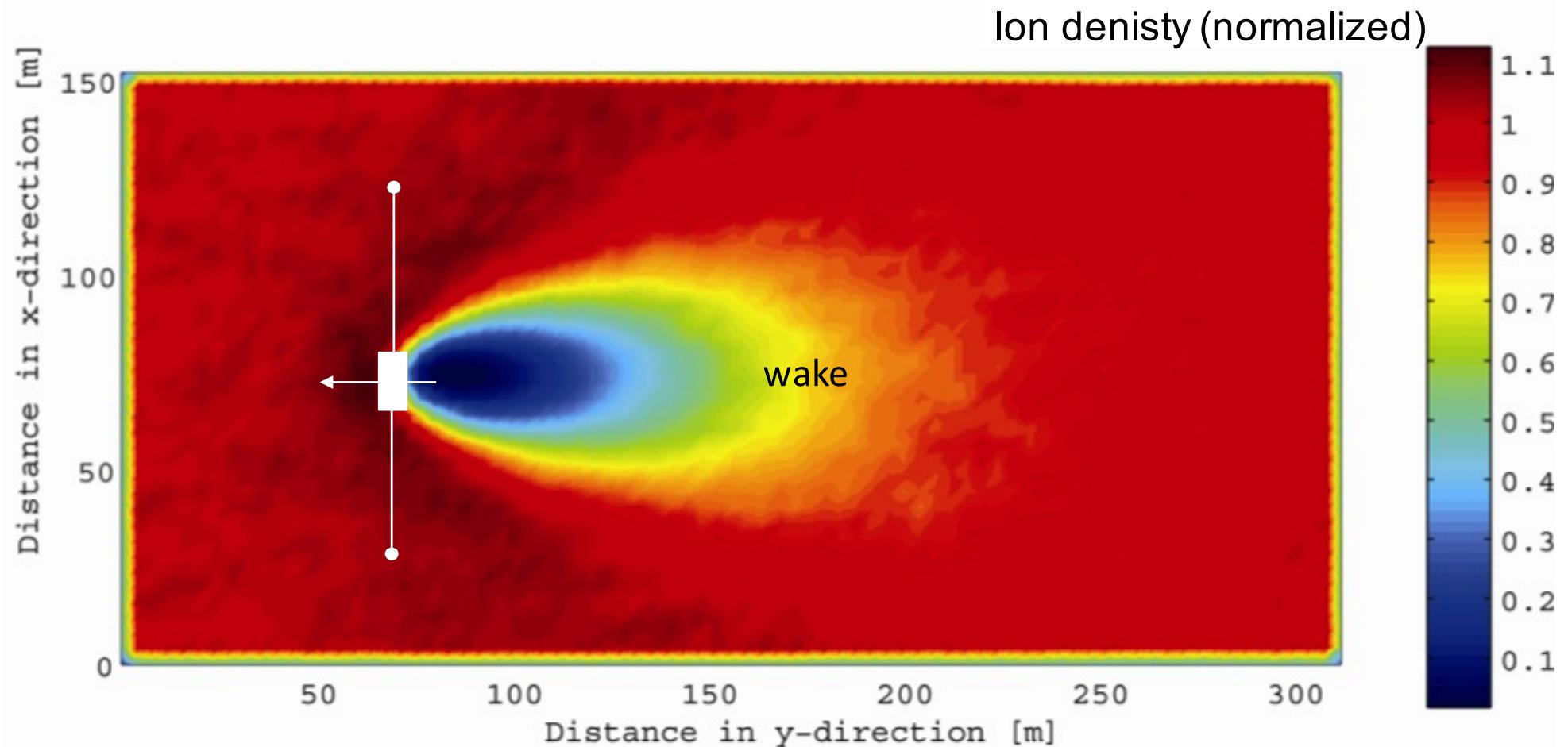
Spin plane close to ecliptic

Electric field measurement



Spin plane close to ecliptic

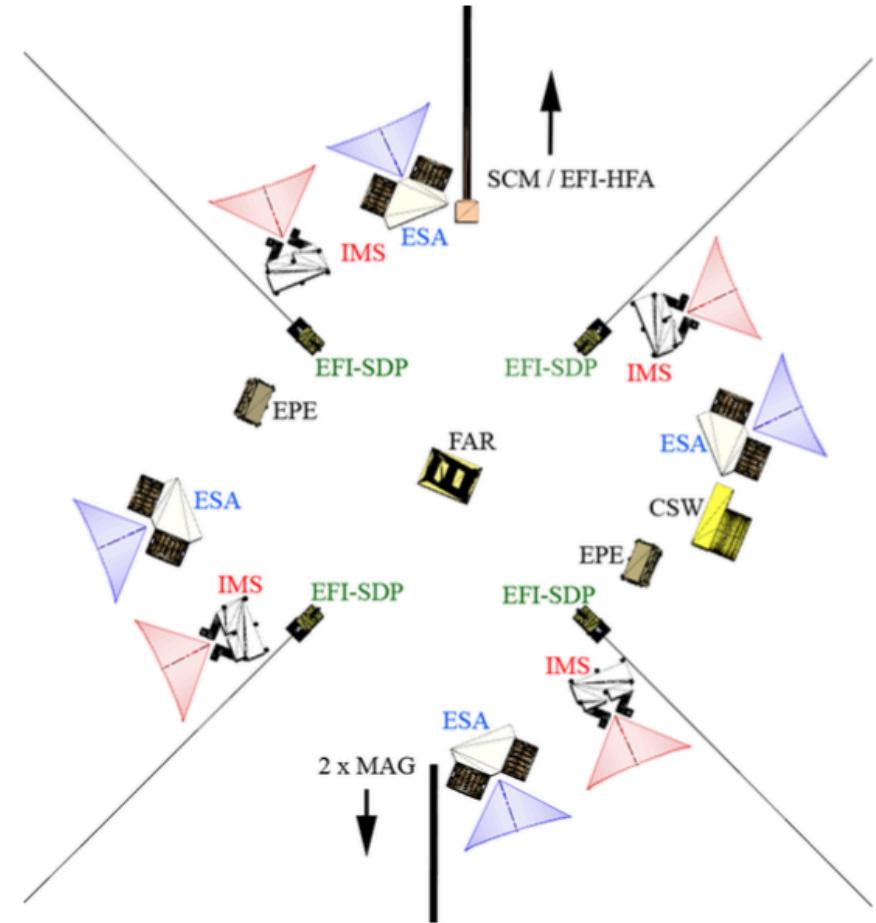
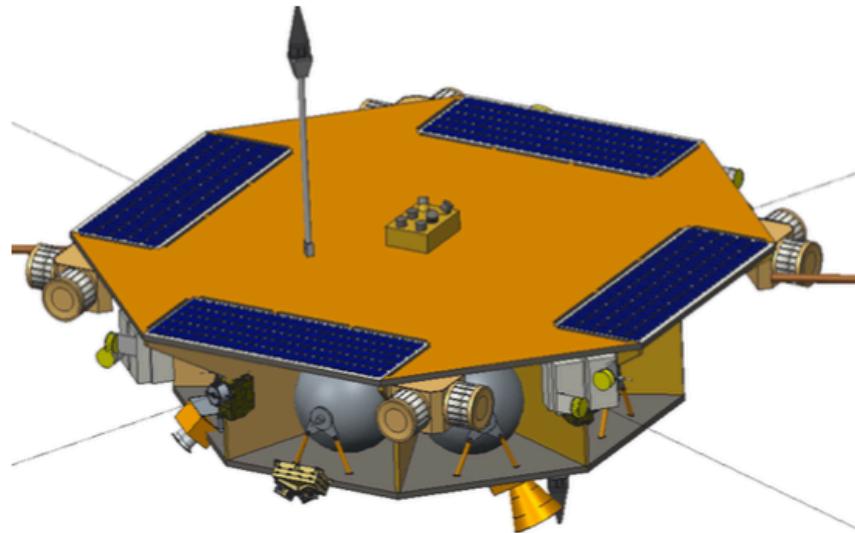
Electric field measurement



Sunward spin-axis significantly increases the accuracy of the **E** field and satellite potential measurement.



Payload



Full 3D distribution function measurement of electrons and mass resolved ions independent of spin!



Payload

	Instrument	Measurement	Teams (PI, Co-PI, Lead-CoI)
FIELDS	MAG	B field DC	IWF(AU), ICL(UK)
	SCM	B field AC	LPP(FR), LPC2E(FR)
	EFI	E field DC/AC	IRF(SE), SSL(US), SRC-PAS(PL), KTH(SE)
	FWP	E&B data products	IAP(CZ), SRC-PAS(PL), U.Sheffield(UK), LESIA(FR)
PARTICLES	ESA	e ⁻ spectrometer	MSSL(UK), NASA/GSFC(US)
	CSW	Cold solar wind ions	IRAP(FR), BIRA-ISAB(BE)
	IMS	H ⁺ , He ⁺⁺ , He ⁺ , O ⁺	LPP(FR), UNH(USA), ISA/JAXA(JP), MPS(DE)
	PPU	Particle data products	INAF-IAPS(IT)
	FAR	Faraday cup	MFF(CZ)
	EPE	Energetic particles	IEAP(DE), U.Turku(FI)

Single s/c with highest resolution field and particle measurements ever,
to satisfy the THOR science requirements!



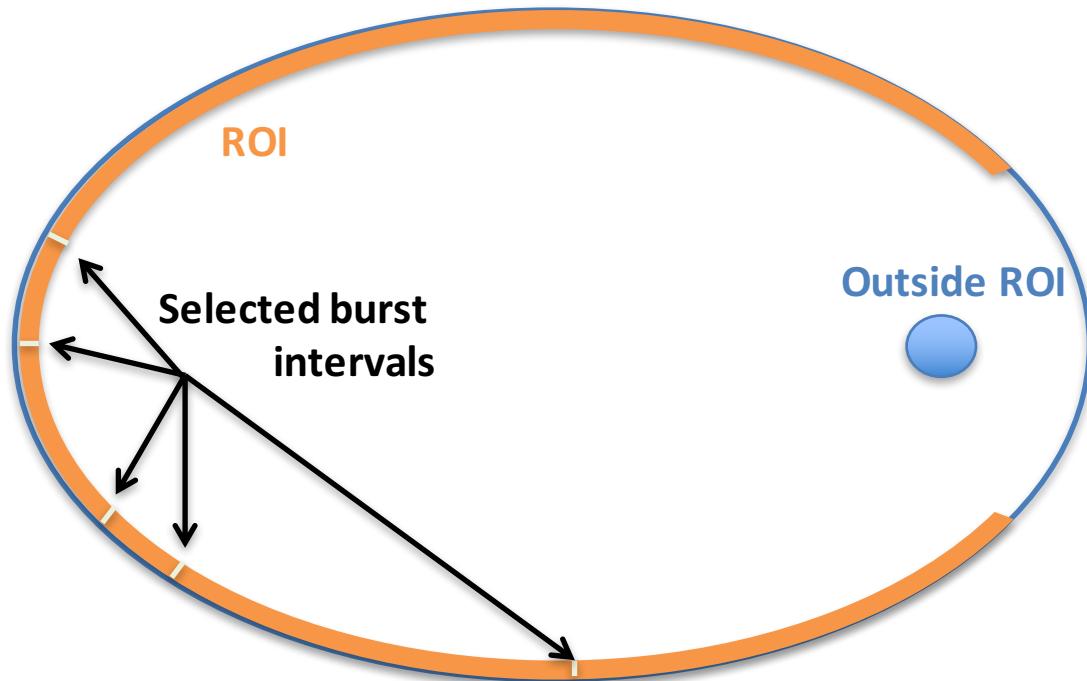
Payload

Key improvements in comparison to earlier/upcoming missions:

- ✓ accuracy/sensitivity/resolution of **E** and **B** field measurements,
- ✓ temporal resolution of mass resolved ions (H^+ , He^{++}),
- ✓ temporal/angular/energy resolution of electrons.

	Instrument	Measurement	Teams (PI, Co-PI, Lead-CoI)
FIELDS	MAG	B field DC	IWF(AU), ICL(UK)
	SCM	B field AC	LPP(FR), LPC2E(FR)
	EFI	E field DC/AC	IRF(SE), SSL(US), SRC-PAS(PL), KTH(SE)
	FWP	E&B data products	IAP(CZ), SRC-PAS(PL), U.Sheffield(UK), LESIA(FR)
PARTICLES	ESA	e ⁻ spectrometer	MSSL(UK), NASA/GSFC(US)
	CSW	Cold solar wind ions	IRAP(FR), BIRA-ISAB(BE)
	IMS	H^+ , He^{++} , He^+ , O^+	LPP(FR), UNH(USA), ISA/JAXA(JP), MPS(DE)
	PPU	Particle data products	INAF-IAPS(IT)
	FAR	Faraday cup	MFF(CZ)
	EPE	Energetic particles	IEAP(DE), U.Turku(FI)

Operations



ROI

- ✓ all instruments are in **SCIENCE** mode
- ✓ Instrument performance requirements apply here

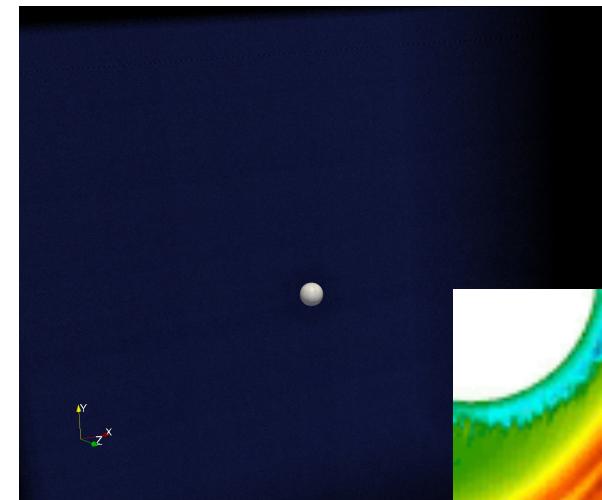
Outside ROI

- ✓ Instruments in any mode, including SCIENCE, burst selection is not possible
- ✓ Some instruments can be OFF (TEA, CSW, etc)
- ✓ Instrument performance requirements do not apply here

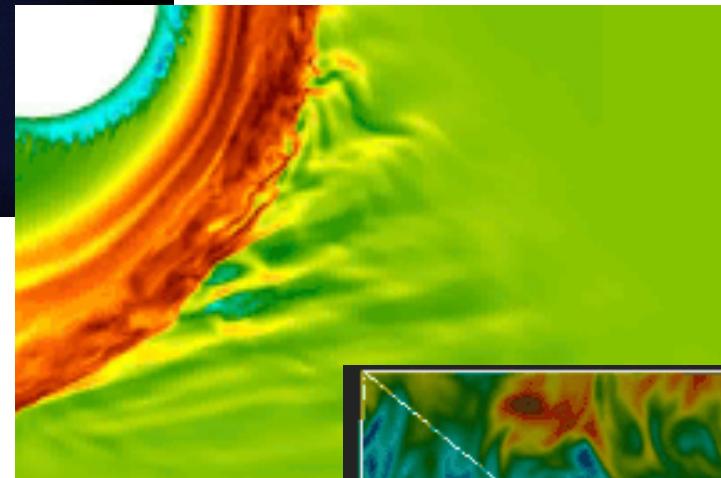
- ✓ All the data saved on-board (~10TB).
- ✓ Survey data from the whole orbit are transmitted to ground.
- ✓ Selective downlink (Scientist In The Loop) used to select Burst data for downlink.
- ✓ Burst data include continuous time series, snapshots and spectra.



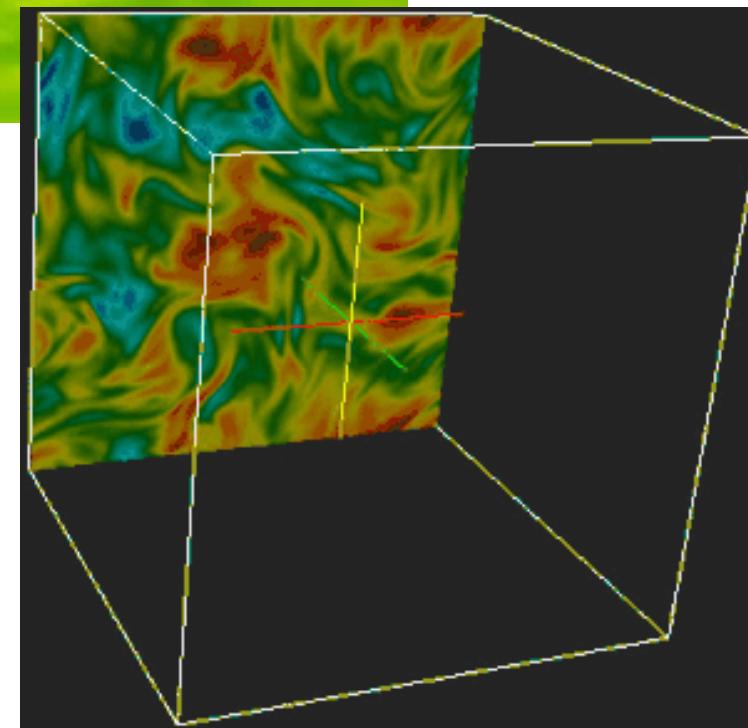
Numerical simulations in support of THOR



Global 3D



Global 2D



Kinetic 3D

[HVM3D3V](#)
[iPIC3D](#)
[AstroGK](#)
[GENE](#)
[P3D](#)
[TFPC](#)
[Vlasiator](#)
[vpic-H3D](#)
[dHybrid](#)
[Vlem2D3V](#)

Exploring plasma energization in space turbulence



Thank you!